

PARTICIPANT INFORMATION AND CONSENT FORM

CeMCOR Protocol: Peri-P-236267-01

Oral Micronized Progesterone for Perimenopausal Vasomotor Symptoms Study

Principal Investigator:

Jerilynn C. Prior BA, MD, FRCPC, University of British Columbia (UBC) Medicine, Endocrinology & Metabolism; Centre for Menstrual Cycle and Ovulation Research (CeMCOR)

T. (604) 875-5927

Co-Investigator(s):

Andrea Cameron RN, BScN, (UBC Medicine, Endocrinology & Metabolism), Michelle Fung MD, MHSc, FRCPC (UBC Medicine, Endocrinology & Metabolism), Christine L. Hitchcock PhD,, Danni Li MD (UBC Medicine, Endocrinology & Metabolism), Shirin Kalyan PhD, Sandra Sirrs MD FRCPC, (UBC Medicine, Endocrinology & Metabolism), Patricia Janssen PhD (UBC School of Population & Public Health) and Joel Singer PhD, (UBC School of Population and Public Health).

Sponsor:

Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR)

Emergency:

In case of emergency, please go to the nearest emergency department and advise the medical staff that you are participating in this study.

INVITATION

You are being invited to take part in this research study because you have hot flushes and/or night sweats and have menstruated within the past 12 months.

2. YOUR PARTICIPATION IS VOLUNTARY

Your participation is voluntary. You have the right to refuse to participate in this study. If you decide to participate, you may still choose to withdraw from the study at any time without any negative consequences to the medical care, education, or other services to which you are entitled or are presently receiving.

Before you decide, it is important for you to understand what the research involves. This consent form will tell you about the study, why the research is being done, what will happen to you during the study and the possible benefits, risks and discomforts. You also need to know that there are important differences between being in a research study and being cared for by your doctor. When you participate in a research study, the main goal is to learn things to help other patients in the future. Outside a research study, your doctor's sole goal is to care for your health. Nevertheless, the researchers have a



duty of care to all participants and will inform you of any information that may affect your willingness to remain in the study.

Please take time to read the following information carefully and to discuss it with your family, friends, and doctor before you decide.

3. WHO IS CONDUCTING THE STUDY?

The Principal Investigator has received a research grant from the Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR). Besins Healthcare is the company donating the study drug and placebo (pill without active ingredients) and providing supplementary funding. Diva International is the company donating menstrual cups for the optional **Perimenopause Flow Sub-Study**. Neither company has any influence over the conduct of this research. You may request details of funding if you wish to do so.

4. BACKGROUND

Most women in perimenopause experience hot flushes and night sweats (vasomotor symptoms, or VMS), during the transition to menopause. Menopause is defined as beginning one year after the last menstruation. About 80% of perimenopausal women experience night sweats and hot flushes and 9% experience moderate to severe symptoms. These are the most common reasons that women seek hormone therapy.

There are no proven therapies for perimenopausal hot flushes and night sweats. Doctors frequently prescribe either oral contraceptives or menopausal hormone therapy. However, neither of these therapies has been tested and shown to be effective for perimenopausal women. In the one good study of oral contraceptive pills in perimenopausal women, the difference between oral contraceptive pills and placebo was both small (one fewer flush in 5 days) and not statistically significant.

Oral micronized progesterone has been approved and available in Canada since 1995. It is identical to the progesterone hormone made by women's ovaries. It has not been tested as a therapy for hot flushes and night sweats in perimenopausal women.

We recently completed a study showing that this same medicine, oral micronized progesterone (without estrogen) is an effective therapy for hot flushes and night sweats in healthy menopausal women.

The reasons for testing progesterone therapy for hot flushes in perimenopausal women are:

- 1) This is a time when estrogen levels average higher than normal and progesterone levels tend to decrease. Therefore perimenopause involves an estrogen-progesterone imbalance that taking progesterone will improve.
- 2) Estrogen and progesterone both have receptors in every tissue of our bodies. Progesterone's job is to complement or counterbalance estrogen's actions in every tissue. Some of the results of higher perimenopausal estrogen levels (such as heavy flow and sore breasts) may also be helped by progesterone treatment.

Participant's Initials:	



3) Progestins (synthetic cousins of progesterone) and now oral micronized progesterone (in the trial we just completed) have been shown to improve hot flushes in menopausal women. Therefore it is logical to test progesterone for hot flushes in perimenopausal women.

This study uses a placebo control because hot flushes and night sweats commonly respond well to placebo treatment and a placebo-controlled trial is needed before it is appropriate to do a study comparing progesterone directly with other possible hot flush therapies (such as oral contraceptives or estrogen). Although estrogen therapy is the gold standard of treatment in menopausal women, it is unproven for perimenopausal women. So, there is no standard, proven effective treatment with which to compare.

This is a Phase III study. A Phase III study is a study of an experimental drug or treatment which is given to large groups of people to confirm its effectiveness, monitor side effects, compare it to commonly used treatments, and collect information to determine whether the experimental drug or treatment can be used safely.

5. WHAT ARE THE PURPOSES OF THE STUDY?

The primary purpose of this study is to test whether a 12-week treatment with oral micronized progesterone is an effective therapy for hot flushes and night sweats in perimenopausal women, in comparison with an identical placebo. We also plan to use some of the questionnaire data you provide to understand how reliable our tools are and to compare women with hot flushes and night sweats in this study to similarly aged women in the general population. Oral micronized progesterone is currently available (as Prometrium®) in Canada, and is approved to prevent endometrial cancer in menopausal women who have not had a hysterectomy and are taking estrogen therapy. It is not approved for the purpose of treating hot flushes and night sweats, but this study has been approved by Health Canada.

The purpose of the Perimenopause Flow Sub-study is to learn if and how much daily oral micronized progesterone treatment in perimenopause changes the amount of menstrual bleeding. To measure flow, you will be using what is called a "menstrual cup." This is made of soft silicone, is worn over the cervix (mouth of the uterus) during flow and catches menstrual blood for emptying into the toilet. Participation in the Perimenopause Flow Sub-study is optional.

6. WHO CAN PARTICIPATE IN THIS STUDY?

You can participate in this study if:

- You have an average of four hot flushes and/or night sweats per day and they are
 moderate to severe in intensity. If you have fewer than this, but your night sweats
 wake you up at least twice a week, then you are also eligible.
- You are at least 35 and not older than 58 years old.
- You have had a menstrual period within 12 months of study enrollment

Oral Micronized Progesterone for Perimenopausal Vasomotor Symptoms Study	Participant's Initials:	
Consent Form Version 12.0:12 July 2016		



- You have not had a hysterectomy.
- If you have recently given birth, had a miscarriage, had an abortion, or have recently stopped using a long-acting hormonal contraceptive (such as Depo-Provera), you should have had three spontaneous episodes of menstrual flow before you start the study.
- You are willing and able to follow the study procedures, including keeping a daily calendar record.
- You have not used hormonal birth control (such as birth control pills, patch or vaginal ring) or hormonal therapy (such as estrogen, progesterone or progestin) within the past 6 months, and do not plan to start any of these before you have completed the study. Use of the progestin-laden IUD called "Mirena" is allowed.
- Your use of other therapies (herbal or natural therapies, thyroid medication, antidepressants, etc.) is established and kept stable during the study.
- You are not pregnant or breastfeeding and are not planning pregnancy during the study.
- You can understand, speak, read and write in English.
- If you have a high risk of breast cancer (first degree relative with breast cancer or known/suspected history of breast cancer), you must have a normal mammogram and clinical breast examination within 12 months of study enrollment

7. WHO SHOULD NOT PARTICIPATE IN THE STUDY?

You should not participate in this study if:

- You are sexually active without using birth control.
- You have another medical reason for having hot flushes or night sweats.
- You have a peanut allergy (the study medication contains peanut oil).

If you are sexually active with a man, you are at risk of pregnancy, even if your menstrual cycles have become infrequent and irregular. In perimenopause, ovulation may also occur at unusual times relative to menstrual flow, so it is important that you always use an effective birth control method (e.g. a physical barrier such as a condom, diaphragm or cervical cap and always with a vaginal spermicide).

8. WHAT DOES THE STUDY INVOLVE?

Overview of the Study

We plan to enroll 245 volunteers for this single-site study being conducted from Vancouver, British Columbia. The study includes completing questionnaires as well as daily record keeping. You do not have to answer any questions that you do not feel comfortable answering. The study starts with four weeks of baseline record-keeping, followed by 12 weeks of either oral micronized progesterone (300 mg at bedtime) or identical placebo, chosen randomly (like the flip of a coin). This dose of progesterone effectively decreased hot flushes in our previous menopause hot flush study and in



clinical practice with perimenopausal women. Progesterone in this dose keeps the blood level within the range that is normal for the second half of the menstrual cycle. In total, participation in the study will take about four months. There is some flexibility in study timelines to accommodate participants' schedules and administrative issues.

This study is double blind, meaning that neither you nor the research coordinator and study team will know which study medication you take. However this information is available in case of an emergency. Once you have completed the study, the research pharmacist can tell you which group you were in. You should not share this with anyone in the research team, so that we can remain unaware of the study assignments and results until we are ready for analysis of the data.

You will also be offered the opportunity to participate in the **Perimenopause Flow Sub-Study**. In this study you will record your menstrual flow using a menstrual cup which has markings to measure amount of flow.

You can participate in this study and the Perimenopause Flow Sub-study in-person (by coming to our centre) or from home (remote participation.). Study procedures are the same for both types of participation except with remote participation communication is via video-conference (Skype), telephone, email or mail. The procedures and visits you can expect include:

Initial Visit

This visit will take approximately 30 minutes. It will start with reviewing and signing this consent form. With remote participation, you will give verbal consent to participate and then email, fax or mail the signed consent to us. You will receive a signed copy of this form. The research coordinator will ask you some questions, you will complete a short questionnaire and you will learn how to complete the Daily Perimenopause Hot Flush Calendar ('the Calendar.') As good health habits, you will be taught to do breast self-examinations and be encouraged to perform this monthly and will be given a handout on what you can do to help prevent osteoporosis.

For the next four weeks, you will complete the Calendar each day. This is the main way that we will know how many hot flushes and night sweats you are having. This baseline Calendar will tell us how you are before you take any therapy. Completing the Calendar should take less than one minute each evening.

Randomization Visit

This second visit should take about 30 minutes. After a month, you will bring or send (via fax, mail or email) your baseline Calendar.to the research coordinator who will review it to see if you are having enough hot flushes and night sweats to start on study medication. If so, you will be given a prescription for the study medication to take to the research pharmacy (Shoppers Drug Mart, 2730 Oak Street, Vancouver, British Columbia). This prescription will include information on whether you are in early or late perimenopause (late means 60-days or longer between menstrual periods at least once in the last year.). The pharmacist will also need to record your name, address, telephone



number, date of birth and personal health number, and, if you live in British Columbia, add the study treatment to your personal medication list in the Pharmanet system. The pharmacist will check with a computer and give you either oral micronized progesterone or an identical placebo for you to take. With remote participation, the research coordinator will go to the study pharmacy on your behalf and send the study medication to you via courier.

You will also complete some health questionnaires.

You will be given a wallet-sized card explaining that you are participating in this study and you are taking either oral micronized progesterone or placebo. It will also have contact information for the study doctor and research coordinator. Please keep this card with you at all times during study participation and show it to all of your health care providers.

You should take three capsules (progesterone or placebo) each evening just before you go to sleep. The medication can cause drowsiness or dizziness for some women, so it is important that you *only take it as you get into bed for your usual sleep.* If you have not been sleeping well, when you first start taking progesterone you may find that you need to catch up by sleeping longer than usual, so it is ideal to begin when you can sleep in the next morning. This initial morning sleepiness is normal, and improves in a few days. Improved sleep on progesterone may occur, however, it is variable and some women may notice no changes.

While taking study medicine, the research coordinator will contact you by telephone or email to see how you are doing and make sure you have no questions or concerns.

Final Visit

This visit will take about 30 minutes. It will be scheduled for three months after you start study medication. You should bring all of your Calendars, and any remaining study pills. You will complete some health questionnaires. Once you have finished the study, you can go to the research pharmacy to learn whether you were taking progesterone or placebo.

With remote participation, you mail the completed questionnaires, Calendars & unused study pills in provided, postage-paid envelopes. You will receive a letter from the pharmacy telling you whether you were on progesterone or placebo.

Study enrollment, questionnaires and timelines are identical if you also decide to participate in the **Perimenopause Flow Sub-study** except that you will record your hot flushes and menstrual flow on the Daily Perimenopause Hot Flush and Flow Calendar ('Flow Calendar'). This is the same as the Daily Perimenopause Hot Flush Calendar but is modified to include measuring flow using a menstrual cup rather than tampons or pads. At the initial visit, you will learn how to use the menstrual cup and complete the Flow Calendar.

Oral Micronized Progesterone for Perimenopausal Vasomotor Symptoms Study	Participant's Initials: _	
Consent Form Version 12.0; 12 July 2016		



9. WHAT ARE MY RESPONSIBILITIES?

Your responsibilities are to record daily in the Calendar or Flow Calendar and complete the study questionnaires. Although we will contact you while you are on study medication, you also need to let us know any time during the study if your medical situation changes, if you become pregnant, or if you want to start or stop any medications. You should also call the research coordinator if you experience any changes that concern you and you believe may be due to the study medication or if you have questions or concerns related to the menstrual cup.

10. WHAT ARE THE POSSIBLE HARMS AND DISCOMFORTS?

Progesterone is a natural hormone identical to the progesterone our bodies make when we are menstruating and ovulating normally. Oral micronized progesterone is approved for use in Canada (since 1995) and has been used in France since 1980. The dose of 300 mg at bedtime daily achieves a level of progesterone in the blood that stays for 24 hours within or above the range following normal ovulation.

Progesterone has no serious side effects compared with placebo. The most common 'side effect,' which is drowsiness, can be a benefit for those with disturbed sleep. If taken just before sleep, *daytime* drowsiness and dizziness are rare (less than 1%). **Progesterone can cause drowsiness so should not be taken when you need to be up and alert.** Also, women who are sleep-deprived should plan for some extra "catch-up" sleep for a few mornings. If you are sleep-deprived, it may help to start the medication on a weekend, or when you can sleep late.

If you were to become pregnant, you should stop taking the medication. Progesterone will not harm a fetus (it is made in high amounts by the body during pregnancy, and is sometimes used as a medication to support early pregnancy). However, if you become pregnant you will be ineligible to continue the study, so should let us know as soon as you can.

In perimenopause, hot flushes and night sweats are variable, but commonly increase in frequency and intensity over time before they eventually improve. The year after what is later known to be your last menstrual flow can be the most difficult time for hot flushes and night sweats. Because of this natural pattern, all women in the study may experience worse flushes over the three months—however, we expect that those taking placebo will do less well than those receiving progesterone.

Progesterone can also be used to treat heavy menstrual bleeding therefore you may find that your periods become lighter and shorter. However, in perimenopause, it is unlikely to make flow totally disappear. Flow may become so light as to be only spotting; alternatively, bleeding may not change at all.

Oral Micronized Progesterone for Perimenopausal Vasomotor Symptoms Study	Participant's Initials:	
Consent Form Version 12.0; 12 July 2016		



The optional **Perimenopause Flow Sub-Study** will more accurately track flow. If experiencing heavy flow, the menstrual cup is considered to be both a less expensive and a more convenient way to deal with this. If the cup is full, however, and you were to sneeze, there may be some leaking.

We do expect that progesterone will help women with heavy flow. We also expect that progesterone will help with breast tenderness and bloating. No controlled trials have shown the effect of progesterone on large, symptomatic fibroids—thus we do not know whether fibroids will grow. If progesterone were to cause *asymptomatic* fibroids to grow, because most are very small, they are still not likely to become symptomatic in this short a trial.

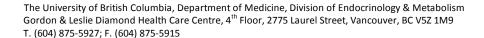
There are no long-term (over many years) results on the effects of progesterone alone on health (in menopausal or perimenopausal women), such as on heart disease or breast cancer. In a similar, short-term (3-month) trial of progesterone in menopausal women, we found no serious adverse effects. In the very short term (minutes to hours), progesterone causes no negative and probably positive effects. It may improve sleep and increases forearm blood flow, a marker indicating normal heart and blood vessel function. In our randomized trial of progesterone for hot flushes in menopausal women, there was a trend toward improved forearm blood flow and other heart disease risk factors were not different at the end of the trial in the progesterone and placebo groups, except for a small (not-important-for-heart-attack-risk) decrease in high density lipoprotein (HDL) in the progesterone group.

In recent years, medical opinions have changed about whether hormone therapy is beneficial for menopausal women. The Women's Health Initiative found that, on balance, healthy menopausal women should not be given hormone 'replacement' therapy for prevention. Some people have attributed to progestin (a synthetic drug similar to progesterone) the early discontinuation of the Women's Health Initiative trial of combined estrogen-progestin therapy. It is generally agreed that progesterone is less likely to cause health risks than progestin, any potential negative consequences would require some years to emerge, and that any would be unlikely to arise from a three-month course of treatment.

11. WHAT ARE THE POTENTIAL BENEFITS OF PARTICIPATING?

You may not benefit directly from this study. Keeping the Calendar (or Flow Calendar) will help you to understand your own patterns, and may improve your understanding of your hot flushes, night sweats, sleep and anxiety. Many women have told us that this is helpful to them.

If you receive the active medication, you will learn whether it may be helpful for you. If you receive the placebo, you will have a good measure of your current experiences, so that you can compare the effects of any therapy or lifestyle change you may choose to use following the trial. Women taking placebo also usually notice decreases in hot flushes by as much as half.





Those deciding to take part in the Perimenopause Flow Sub-study will learn to use a method of flow management that is less expensive, environmentally-friendly and potentially more convenient for heavy flow.

You will be able to learn which group you were in at the end of the study. This will help you to make decisions about your ongoing health care.

There are very few studies on therapies for hot flushes and night sweats in perimenopausal women. There are no studies of progesterone effects on perimenopausal flow. Therefore, this study will benefit other perimenopausal women in the future.

12. WHAT ARE THE ALTERNATIVES TO THE STUDY TREATMENT?

If you choose not to participate in this study or to withdraw at a later date, the following treatment options may be available to you: A regular 20 minutes per day practice of deep relaxation, yoga-type breathing, mindfulness meditation, or the relaxation response have all been shown to be helpful for hot flushes in menopausal women; acupuncture has also been shown to be helpful for hot flushes in menopausal women. In addition, regular exercise, weight loss if overweight and stopping smoking all benefit menopausal hot flushes. These strategies are likely to be useful for perimenopausal hot flushes as well. Your physician may also prescribe progesterone for you. You can discuss these options with your doctor before deciding whether or not to participate in this study.

There are no therapies, available in Canada, that are proven effective for *perimenopausal* hot flushes, although many physicians believe that oral contraceptives and menopausal type hormone therapy help. In a European study, however, an extract of rhubarb (called "resveratrol") was more effective than placebo in perimenopausal women with hot flushes. Finally, hot flushes may be helped by a general attitude that they are a nuisance, that we can cope with them, and that we can live through them.

13. WHAT IF NEW INFORMATION BECOMES AVAILABLE THAT MAY AFFECT MY DECISION TO PARTICIPATE?

If you choose to enter this study and at a later date a more effective treatment becomes available, it will be discussed with you. You will also be advised of any new information that becomes available that may affect your willingness to remain in this study.

14. WHAT HAPPENS IF I DECIDE TO WITHDRAW MY CONSENT TO PARTICIPATE?

You may withdraw from this study at any time without giving reasons. If you choose to enter the study and then decide to withdraw at a later time, all data collected about you during your enrolment in the study will be retained for analysis. It is a legal requirement that these data cannot be destroyed.



You may learn which group you were in (progesterone or placebo) by contacting the research pharmacy. This information is available to you whether or not you complete the study. It is important that you do not let anyone running the study know this until the study is complete. It will also help if you let the research staff know your reasons for stopping the study and in particular if it is because of side effects you believe the study drugs have caused. However, you are not required to provide any reason.

15. CAN I BE ASKED TO LEAVE THE STUDY?

You can be asked to leave the study if you become ineligible (for example, if you start taking hormonal birth control), if you are not taking the study medication, or if you are not completing the Calendar (or Flow Calendar) regularly.

If you are not able to follow the requirements of the study or for any other reason, the study doctor may withdraw you from the study and will arrange for your care to continue. On receiving new information about the treatment, your research doctor might consider it to be in your best interests to withdraw you from the study without your consent if she judges that it would be better for your health.

16. WILL MY TAKING PART IN THIS STUDY BE KEPT CONFIDENTIAL?

Your confidentiality will be respected. Faxes received at our research site will be to a confidential fax machine. However, research records and health or other source records identifying you may be inspected in the presence of the Investigator or her designate by representatives of Health Canada, and the University of British Columbia's Clinical Research Ethics Board for the purpose of monitoring the research. No information or records that disclose your identity will be published without your consent, nor will any information or records that disclose your identity be removed or released without your consent unless required by law.

You will be assigned a unique study number as a participant in this study. Only this number will be used on any research-related information collected about you during the course of this study, so that your identity [i.e. your name or any other information that could identify you] as a participant in this study will be kept confidential. Information that contains your identity will remain only with the Principal Investigator and/or designate. The list that matches your name to the unique study number that is used on your research-related information will not be removed or released without your consent unless required by law.

Your rights to privacy are legally protected by federal and provincial laws that require safeguards to insure that your privacy is respected and also give you the right of access to the information about you and, if need be, an opportunity to correct any errors in this information. Further details about these laws are available on request to your study doctor.

Oral Micronized Progesterone for Perimenopausal Vasomotor Symptoms Study	Participant's Initials:	
Consent Form Version 12.0: 12 July 2016		



We sometimes collaborate with researchers outside of Canada, for example, with a statistician who may help us with new analysis methods for hot flush and night sweat data from this study. Any study related data sent outside of Canadian borders may increase the risk of disclosure of information because the laws in those countries [for example, the Patriot Act in the United States] dealing with protection of information may not be as strict as in Canada. However, all study related data that might be transferred outside of Canada will be coded (this means it will not contain your name or personal identifying information) before leaving the study site. By signing this consent form, you are consenting to the transfer of your information, to scientific colleagues located outside of Canada.

In most cases, your personal information or information that could identify you will not be revealed without your express consent. However, if as a result of your participation in this study, facts become known to the researchers which must be reported by law to public health authorities or legal authorities, then your personal information will be provided to the appropriate agency or authority.

Primary Care Physician(s) /Specialist(s) Notification

Please indicate, by checking the applicable box, whether you want us to notify your primary care physician(s) or specialist(s) of your participation in this study. This is not a consent to release medical information.

Yes, I want the study investigator to advise my primary care physician(s) or specialist(s) of my participation in this study. My primary care physician(s) and/or specialist(s) name(s) is/are:Participant Initials:
No, I do not want the study investigator to advise my primary care physician(s) or specialist(s) of my participation in this study. Participant Initials:
I do not have a primary care physician or specialist. Participant Initials:
I understand that if I choose not to advise my primary care physician(s) or specialist(s) of my participation in this study, there may be potential medical consequences which may affect my comprehensive medical care or treatment. I understand that the study investigator may not be responsible for these consequences. You may wish to discuss the consequences of your decision with the study staff.
Disclosure of Race/Ethnicity Studies involving humans now routinely collect information on race and ethnic origin as

well as other characteristics of individuals because these characteristics may influence

Oral Micronized Progesterone for Perimenopausal Vasomotor Symptoms Study Consent Form Version 12.0; 12 July 2016 Participant's Initials:



how people respond to different medications. Providing information on your race or ethnic origin is voluntary.

17. AFTER THE STUDY IS FINISHED

Progesterone (as Prometrium) is available by prescription in Canada, and your doctor may choose to prescribe it for you after your participation in this study is completed.

The study will run from 2011 until 2017. When we have study results (likely in 2017) we will hold a post-study gathering (in-person and via webinar) to share the results with you.

FUTURE STUDIES
Please let us know if you would be interested in hearing about future studies. ☐ Yes ☐ No
18. WHAT HAPPENS IF SOMETHING GOES WRONG?
Signing this consent form in no way limits your legal rights against the sponsor, investigators, or anyone else, and you do not release the study doctors or participating

institutions from their legal and professional responsibilities. Should you have a medical emergency, please go to the nearest emergency department

and advise the medical staff that you are participating in this study.

19. WHAT WILL THE STUDY COST ME?

Study materials and study medications will be provided to you without cost. If returning study documents or medication by mail, you will be provided with postage-paid envelopes. A toll free number is available for out-of-town participants.

As partial compensation and recognition of your time, effort and expenses \$25 can be made available at completion of the initial visit, \$50 at completion of the randomization visit and \$50 at completion of the final visit; total possible compensation is \$125. These funds will be mailed to you via cheque by the Finance Department at the University of British Columbia therefore staff at this Department will be provided with a paper requisition containing your name, preferred mailing address and name of this study. The Finance Department will store this information electronically for at least seven years. The Finance Department is fully compliant with British Columbia privacy legislation so your information will be protected.

All participants will have the option of receiving a menstrual cup (DivaCup®) at completion of the initial visit. All participants completing the study will receive a copy of the book 'Estrogen's Storm Season' written by Dr. Jerilynn Prior.

Oral Micronized Progesterone for Perimenopausal Vasomotor Symptoms Study	Participant's Initials:
Consent Form Version 12.0; 12 July 2016	
	Page 12 of 14



20. WHO DO I CONTACT IF I HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT THE STUDY DURING MY PARTICIPATION?

If you have any questions or desire further information about this study before or during participation, or if you experience any adverse effects, you can contact the Research Coordinator, Andrea Cameron at 604-875-5960 (1-855 875-5960, toll free) or the Principal Investigator, Jerilynn Prior, at 604-875-5927 (collect calls will be accepted.)

21. WHO DO I CONTACT IF I HAVE ANY QUESTIONS OR CONCERNS ABOUT MY RIGHTS AS A SUBJECT DURING THE STUDY?

If you have any concerns or complaints about your rights as a research subject and/or your experiences while participating in this study, contact the Research Subject Information Line in the University of British Columbia Office of Research Services by e-mail at RSIL@ors.ubc.ca or by phone at 604-822-8598 (Toll Free: 1-877-822-8598).



22. PARTICIPANT CONSENT TO PARTICIPATE

MAIN STUDY	Yes	⊔ No	
 I have read and unders 	stood the partic	cipant information	and consent form.
I have had sufficient time to consider the information provided and to ask for			
advice if necessary.			
I have had the opportu roopones to my guest	•	stions and have h	nad satisfactory
responses to my ques		a collected will be	kept confidential and that
the result will only be u			kepi cornideriliai arid irial
I understand that my p		•	ary and that I am
	•	-	rom this study at any time
without changing in an		•	
I understand that I am this separate form	not waiving any	y of my legal right	s as a result of signing
this consent form.	o is no quarante	on that this study i	will provide any benefits
to me.	is no guarante	te triat triis study t	wiii provide arry berients
 I have read this form a 	nd I freely cons	sent to participate	in this study.
 I have been told that I was a second to the property of the prope	-		_
 I agree to read the mel 	nstrual cup (Div	vaCup®) manufad	cturer's User Guide
''	•	I cup and to consi	ult my physician with any
gynecological/medical	questions.		
PERIMENOPAUSE FLOW S	UB-STUDY	☐ Yes	□ No
 I agree to assess flow 	-	strual cup and rec	ord it on the Flow
Calendar, as I have be	•		
 I have understood the 	purpose for the	<i>Perimenopause</i>	Flow Sub-study.
SIGNATURES			
SIGIVII SILES			
Printed Name of Participant	Signature		Date
Printed Name of Principal	Signature		Date
Investigator or Designate	_		
Onal Migraphizad Ducasatanana fan Danima	monaugal Vasom-4	u Camantona Ct. d.	Dauti oin ant'a Initi ala
Oral Micronized Progesterone for Perime Consent Form Version 12.0; 12 July 2016		зутрють миау — 1	Participant's Initials: